

CNS Tumour, General, Treated with Chemo only
Pediatric Surveillance & Follow-up Guidelines

ATTACH PATIENT ID

	Months from end of therapy	Date	Location	H&P	MRI of head	CBC	Chem	Urine tests	GFR	LH, FSH, Test or Est	Metab	PFTs	Audiol	Eye exam	Neuropsych assessment	Other
Early Follow-up Clinic	0			+	+	+										
	3			+	+	+	+	+								
	6			+	+	+										Attenuated vaccine re-immunizations
	9			+	+											
	12			+	+	+	+	+					+	+		Live vaccine re-immunizations
	15			+	+											
	18			+	+											
	21			+	+											
	24			+	+	+						+		+		Summary for LTFU clinic
LTFU Clinic	30			+	+											
	36			+	+	+								+		
	42			+	+											
	48			+	+	+								+		
	60			+	+									+		
	Notes			+BMI	+spinal if present at diagnosis and/or at relapse or otherwise indicated (MBL, GCT)		Lyttes, Ca, Mg, PO4, Cr, urea,	U/A; urine Prot: Cr ratio		Baseline age 11 y if RT or clinical concerns. Rpt Q1y	Non-fasting glc, HbA1C, lipids,	If CCNU/ BCNU Spirometry only	If cisplatin Then PRN		First assessment prior to school entry. Repeat at school transitions if ongoing concerns	

Further Surveillance

Dentistry
Semen Analysis
Anti-Mullerian Hormone

Annual
From age 18y in males if moderate or high risk
From age 12y in females if CED $\geq 6 \text{ g/m}^2$ or pelvic RT; or earlier if clinical concerns. Rpt Q2-3y if normal. Refer to Pediatric Gynecology if abnormal

Cardiac Surveillance Guidelines (BC)

Anthracycline Dose*	Radiation Dose**	Recommended Frequency of Echo***
<100 mg/m ²	< 15 Gy	No screening
<100 mg/m ²	15 Gy to < 30 Gy	Every 5 years
≥ 100 mg/m ² to <250 mg/m ²	<15 gy	Every 5 years
≥ 100 mg/m ² to <250 mg/m ²	>15 Gy	Every 2 years
Any	> 30 Gy	Every 2 years
≥250 mg/m ²	Any	Every 2 years

*Based on total doses of doxorubicin or the equivalent doses of other anthracyclines

**Based on radiation dose with potential impact to heart (radiation to chest, abdomen, spine [thoracic, whole], total body [TBI]) COG LTFU Guidelines version 6.0 (Oct 2023)

***Consider increased frequency if known high risk genetic variant for anthracycline toxicity

Anthracycline Equivalent Dose

Agent	Correction factor
Doxorubicin	1.0
Daunorubicin	0.5
Epirubicin	0.67
Mitoxantrone	10.0
Idarubicin	5.0

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Risk of Prolonged Oligospermia or Azoospermia

Agent	Possible Risk	High Risk
Cyclophosphamide	>4g/m ²	>7.5 g/m ²
Busulphan		> 600 mg/m ²
Melphalan		> 140 mg/m ²
Ifosfamide	> 42 g/m ²	> 60 g/m ²
Procarbazine	> 3 g/m ²	> 4 g/m ²
Chlorambucil		> 1.4 g/m ²
BCNU	> 300 mg/m ²	> 1 g/m ²
CCNU		> 500 mg/m ²
Cisplatin	> 300 mg/m ²	> 600 mg/m ²
Testicular RT dose	> 200 cGy	> 1200 cGy

*Lower doses are still possible risk

Risk of Premature Ovarian Insufficiency or Infertility

Agent	Possible Risk	High Risk	Ref
CED	> 4 g/m ²	> 8 g/m ²	1
Procarbazine	> 2 g/m ²	> 4 g/m ²	2
Cisplatin	> 300 mg/m ²		3
Dactinomycin	>12.2 mg/m ²		4
Ovarian RT dose*	> 100 cGy	> 1000 cGy	5

*Age dependent (see nomogram⁵)

⁵Bevacizumab can cause ovarian failure; possibly acute and transient only⁶

1. Green Pediatr Blood Cancer 2014;61(1):53-67
2. Van der Kaa J Clin Oncol 2012;30(3):291-299
3. Solheim Gyne Oncol 2015;136(2):224-229
4. Van Den Berg Hum Reprod 2018; 33(8):1474-1488
5. Wallace Int J Radiat Oncol;62(3):738-744
6. Imai Molec Clin Oncol 2017;6:807-810

Cyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose (CED)

Agent	Correction factor
Cyclophosphamide	1.0
Ifosfamide	0.244
Procarbazine	0.857
Chlorambucil	14.286
BCNU	15
CCNU	16
Melphalan	40
Thiotepa	50
Nitrogen Mustard	100
Busulphan	8.823

Green Pediatr Blood Ca 2014;61:53-67

1. Green J Clin Oncol 2010;28:332-9

2. Meistrich Pediatr Blood Cancer 2009;53:261-6

3. Wyns Human Reprod Update 2010;16(3):312-328